



FACTORY AUTOMATION

INVERTER FREQROL-CS80



GLOBAL IMPACT OF MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC



Through Mitsubishi Electric's vision, "Changes for the Better" are possible for a brighter future.

Changes for the Better

We bring together the best minds to create the best technologies. At Mitsubishi Electric, we understand that technology is the driving force of change in our lives. By bringing greater comfort to daily life, maximizing the efficiency of businesses and keeping things running across society, we integrate technology and innovation to bring changes for the better.

Mitsubishi Electric is involved in many areas including the following

Energy and Electric Systems

A wide range of power and electrical products from generators to large-scale displays.

Electronic Devices

A wide portfolio of cutting-edge semiconductor devices for systems and products.

Home Appliance

Dependable consumer products like air conditioners and home entertainment systems.

Information and Communication Systems

Commercial and consumer-centric equipment, products and systems.

Industrial Automation Systems

Maximizing productivity and efficiency with cutting-edge automation technology.

Features	4
Example Connection	10
Standard Specifications	11
Outline Dimensions	13
Terminal Connection Diagram, Terminal Specifications	14
Explanation of the Control Panel and Parameter Unit	16
FR Configurator2	20
Parameter List	21
Protective Functions	26
Option and Peripheral Devices	28
Precautions for Operation/Selection, Precautions for Peripheral Device Selection	32
Warranty	35

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Various Functions in a Small Body **Compact and Smart Inverter**



Compact size achieved by the low heat generation design

RUN MON PU EXT MODE FREMING-CS80 FR-CS84-012-60 Actual size of the FR-CS84-012-60

In-house comparison Volume reduction to

57%

For the FR-CS84-012-60 <Conventional model> 128 mm (H) x 108 mm (W) x 129.5 mm (D) 128 mm (H) x 68 mm (W) x 117.9 mm (D)

Side-by-side installation is possible*. Three FR-CS84-012-60 inverters can be installed in space for two conventional models to save space.

A DIN rail installation attachment (FR-UDA[][]) option can be used. (excluding inverters FR-CS84-120 to 295)

* Keep the surrounding air temperature of the inverter at 40 °C maximum.

Convention al model 2 ur its





General-purpose magnetic flux vector control

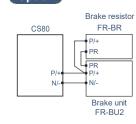
General-purpose magnetic flux vector control and auto tuning functions are available.

These functions ensure the applications that require high starting torque, such as washing machines, agitators, and transfer machines including conveyors, hoists, and elevators.

- High torque of 150% / 1 Hz is realized (when the slip compensation function is valid).
- Auto tuning With our "non-rotation" auto tuning function the motor constant (R1) can be automatically calculated.

Brake unit connection Option

Brake unit can be connected using terminal P/+ and terminal N/-. It is useful for applications require regenerative braking torque during deceleration, such as transfer machines and food machines.



When using the inverter with the brake unit, use the FR-CS84-050-60 or higher capacity inverter.

Optimum excitation control

The excitation current is constantly adjusted to its optimum value to drive the motor most efficiently. With a small load torque, a substantial energy saving can be achieved.

Easy to use

Operation panel FR-LUC Option

An optional LCD operation panel (FR-LU08) is also available.



Enclosure surface operation panel FR-I

The operation panel enables inverter operation and monitoring of frequency setting from the enclosure surface.



Parameter unit FR-PU07 Option

The parameter unit features helpful settings such as direct input with ten-key pad, operating status display, and help function. Eight languages are supported.

Parameter settings for up to three units can be saved.



The operation panel cannot be removed from the inverter. The separate parameter unit connection cable (FR-CB20[]) is required. To connect the FR-LU08, the operation panel connection connector (FR-ADP) is also required.

Inverter setup software FR Configurator2

Option

The software is easy to use and has unity as Mitsubishi Electric FA products with MELSOFT common design and good operability.

Free trial version, which contains start-up functions, is available. It can be downloaded at Mitsubishi Electric FA Global Website.



RS-485 communication

Using a controller, the inverter can be controlled and monitored via network. The standard model with an RS-485 interface (Mitsubishi inverter protocol, MODBUS RTU protocol) $enables\,communication\,with\,the\,speed\,of\,up\,to\,115.2\,kbps.$



Easy connection with GOT

When the automatic connection is enabled, the inverter can communicate with the GOT2000 series simply by connecting the GOT.





The wiring can be checked only by lifting the control terminal cover, which makes maintenance work easier.



Spring clamp terminals (control circuit terminals)

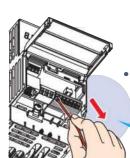
Spring clamp terminals*1 provide high reliability and easy wiring.

*1: The main circuit terminals are screw terminals.



Easy wiring
 Wiring is completed only by
 inserting the dedicated blade
 terminal of each cable.
 Without using the blade
 terminal, the loose wires can
 also be connected using a
 flathead screwdriver.

Easy wiring Just insert.



- High reliability
 Internal terminal contacts are spring-type.

 Therefore, wires can be protected against loosening or contact faults due to vibrations during operation on a bogie or during transport.
- Maintenance-free
 No additional screw tightening is required.

Assures the tensile strength of the DIN standards.



(Example: transport of the inverters)

The circuit board coating conforms to IEC 60721-3-3 3C2/3S2 for improved environmental resistance.



Front

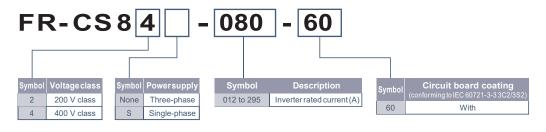


Back



Lineup

Single-phase 200 V FR-CS82S-[]-60



Power supply	Inverter model	012	022	036	050	080	120	160	230	295
Three-phase 400 V	FR-CS84-[]-60	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Power supply	Inverter model	025	042	070	100					

•: Released model



EMC Directive compliant noise filter

Being RoHS compliant, the inverter is friendly to people and the environment.

[RoHS Directive]

RoHS Directive requires member nations to guarantee that new electrical and electronic equipment sold in the market after July 1, 2006 do not contain lead, cadmium. mercury, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyl (PBB) and polybrominated diphenyl ether (PBDE) flame retardants. The <G> mark indicating RoHS Directive compliance is on the package.

Compliance to the EMC Directive (EN standard) is easier.

Noise filter option which is compliant with the EMC Directive (EN61800-3 2nd Environment Category C3) is available.

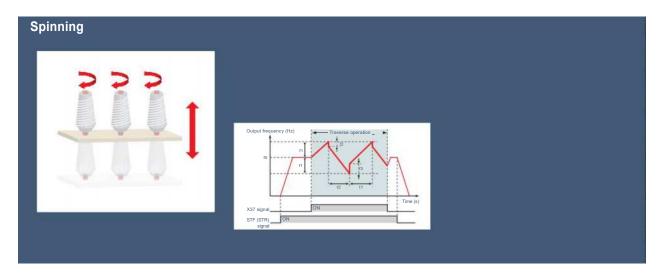


Compatibility with various standards

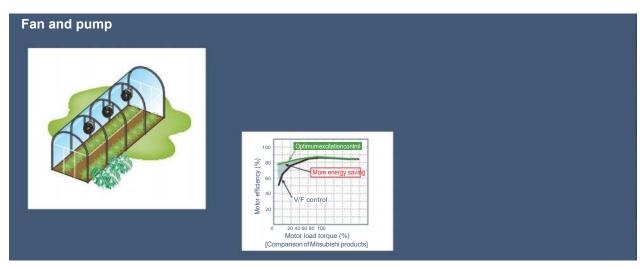
The inverters are compatible with UL, cUL, EC Directives (CE marking).



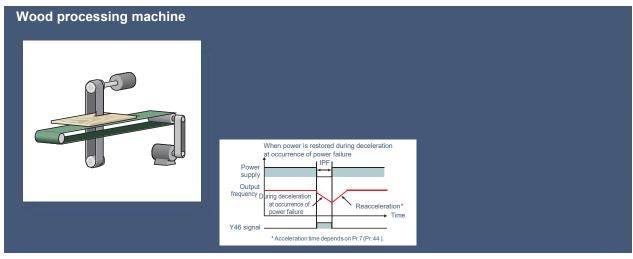
Variety of Functions to Support Various Applications









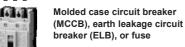




Example Connection

AC power supply

Must be within the permissible power supply specifications of the inverter.



Must be selected carefully since an inrush current flows in the inverter at power ON.

Magnetic contactor (MC)

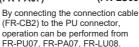
Install this to ensure safety

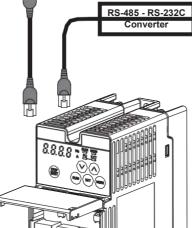
Do not use this to start and stop the inverter. Doing so will shorten the life of the inverter.





Enclosure surface Liquid crystal display operation panel operation panel (FR-LU08) (FR-PA07)





Personal computer (FR Configurator2)

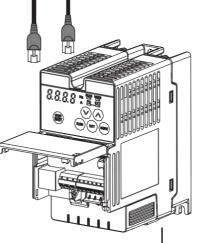
RS-232C - RS-485 converter is required when connecting to PC with RS-232C interface.



AC reactor (FR-HAL)

Install this to suppress harmonics and to improve the power factor.

An AC reactor (FR-HAL) (option) is required when installing the inverter near a large power supply system (500 kVA or more). Under such condition, the inverter may be damaged if you do not use a reactor. Select a reactor according to the applied motor capacity.



R/L1 S/L2 T/L3

Inverter (FR-CS80)

The life of the inverter is influenced by the surrounding air temperature.

The surrounding air temperature should be as low as possible within the permissible range. This must be noted especially when the inverter is installed in an enclosure.

Incorrect wiring may lead to damage of the inverter. The control signal lines must be kept fully away from the main circuit lines to protect them from noise.

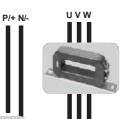


Noise filter (ferrite core) (FR-BSF01, FR-BLF)

Install this to reduce the electromagnetic noise generated from the inverter. The noise filter is effective in the range from about 0.5 to 5 MHz. A wire should be wound four turns at maximum.



reduce the radio noise



Earth (Ground)

Noise filter (ferrite core) (FR-BSF01, FR-BLF)

Install this to reduce the electromagnetic noise generated from the inverter. The noise filter is effective in the range from about 0.5 to 5 MHz. A wire should be wound four turns at maximum.



High power factor converter (FR-HC2)

Suppresses the power supply harmonics significantly



Power regeneration

common converter (FR-CV)

Provides a large braking capability.



Resistor unit (FR-BR) Discharging resistor (GZG, GRZG)

Allows the inverter to provide the optimal regenerative braking capability.



(Ground)

Induction motor

Connect a squirrel-cage induction motor.

Earth (Ground)

To prevent electric shock, always earth (ground) the motor and inverter. For reduction of induction noise from the power line of the inverter, it is recommended to wire the earth (ground) cable by returning it to the earth (ground) terminal of

: Install these options as required.

Standard Specifications

Rating

Three-phase 400 V class.

	Model FR-CS84-[]	012	022	036	050	080	120	160	230	295	
App	olicable motor capacity (kW) *1	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	
	Rated capacity (kVA) *2	0.9	1.7	2.7	3.8	6.1	9.1	12.2	17.5	22.5	
Output	Rated current (A)*3	1.2 (1.0)	2.2 (1.9)	3.6 (3.1)	5.0 (4.3)	8.0 (6.8)	12.0 (10.2)	16.0 (13.6)	23.0 (19.6)	29.5 (25.1)	
ō	Overload current rating *4	150% 60 s,	150% 60 s, 200% 0.5 s (inverse-time characteristics).								
	Rated voltage *5	Three-phase	Three-phase 380 to 480 V.								
<u>></u>	Rated input AC voltage/frequency	Three-phase 380 to 480 V, 50/60 Hz.									
supply	Permissible AC voltage fluctuation	325 to 528 V, 50/60 Hz.									
ower	Permissible frequency fluctuation	±5%									
P	Power supply capacity (kVA) *6	1.5	2.5	4.5	5.5	9.5	12.0	17.0	20.0	28.0	
Pro	tective structure (IEC 60529)	Open type (IP20).									
Cod	oling system	Natural. Forced air.									
App	prox. mass (kg)	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.9	1.4	1.9	1.9	3.5	3.5	

- *1 The applicable motor capacity indicated is the maximum capacity applicable for use of the Mitsubishi Electric 4-pole standard motor.
- *2 The rated output capacity at an output voltage of 440 V.
- *3 When using the inverter in a surrounding air temperature of 50°C, the rated current is decreased to the value shown in the parentheses.
- *4 The percentage of the overload current rating is the ratio of the overload current to the inverter's rated output current. For prolonged use, allow time for the inverter and motor to return to or fall below the temperatures under 100% load.
- *5 The maximum output voltage does not exceed the power supply voltage. The maximum output voltage can be changed within the setting range. However, the maximum point of the voltage waveform at the inverter output side is the power supply voltage multiplied by about 2/.
- *6 The power supply capacity is the value at the rated output current. The input power impedances (including those of the input reactor and cables) affect the value.

Single-phase 200 V class.

	Model FR-CS82S-[]	025	042	070	100	
App	olicable motor capacity (kW) *1	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	
	Rated capacity (kVA) *2	1.0	1.7	2.8	4.0	
Rated current (A)*3		2.5 (2.1)	4.2 (3.6)	7.0 (6.0)	10.0 (8.5)	
ō	Overload current rating *4	150% 60 s, 2	200% 0.5 s (in	verse-time cha	aracteristics).	
Rated voltage *5		Three-phase 200 to 240 V				
oly	Rated input AC voltage/frequency	Single-phase 200 to 240 V, 50/60 Hz				
supply	Permissible AC voltage fluctuation	170 to 264 V, 50/60 Hz				
Power	Permissible frequency fluctuation	±5%				
Ъ	Power supply capacity (kVA) *6	1.5	2.3	4.0	5.2	
Pro	tective structure (IEC 60529)	Open type (IP20).				
Coc	oling system	Natural. Forced a			Forced air.	
App	orox. mass (kg)	0.6	0.6	1.4	1.4	

- *1 The applicable motor capacity indicated is the maximum capacity applicable for use of the Mitsubishi Electric 4-pole standard motor. *2 The rated output capacity at an output voltage of 230 V.
- *3 When using the inverter in a surrounding air temperature of 50°C, the rated current is decreased to the value shown in the parentheses.
- *4 The percentage of the overload current rating is the ratio of the overload current to the inverter's rated output current. For repeated duty, allow time for the inverter and motor to return to or below the temperatures under 100% load. If the automatic restart after instantaneous power failure function (Pr. 57) or power failure stop function (Pr. 261) is set and power supply voltage is low while load becomes bigger, the bus voltage decreases to power failure detection level and load of 100% or more may not be available.
- *5 The maximum output voltage does not exceed the power supply voltage. The maximum output voltage can be changed within the setting range. However, the maximum point of the voltage waveform at the inverter output side is the power supply voltage multiplied by about 2/.
- *6 The power supply capacity is the value at the rated output current. The input power impedances (including those of the input reactor and cables) affect the

• Common specifications

	Control method		Soft-PWM control, high carrier frequency PWM control (selectable among V/F control, General-purpose magnetic flux vector control, Optimum excitation control).
	Output frequenc	y range	0.2 to 400 Hz.
	Frequency setting and resolution	Analog input	0.06/60 Hz at 0 to 10 V / 10 bits (terminals 2 and 4). 0.12/60 Hz at 0 to 5 V / 9 bits (terminals 2 and 4). 0.06/60 Hz at 0 to 20 mA / 10 bits (terminal 4).
	resolution	Digital input	0.01 Hz.
_	Frequency	Analog input	Within ±1% of the maximum output frequency at 25°C (±10°C).
Control	accuracy	Digital input	0.01% or less of the set output frequency.
O	Voltage/frequen	cy characteristics	Base frequency can be set from 0 to 400 Hz. Constant-torque or adjustable 3 points V/F can be selected.
	Starting torque		150% or more at 1 Hz, with General-purpose magnetic flux vector control and slip compensation.
	Torque boost		Manual torque boost.
	Acceleration/dec	celeration time	0.1 to 3600 s (acceleration and deceleration can be set individually), linear or S-pattern acceleration/deceleration modes are available.
	DC injection bra	ke	Operation frequency (0 to 120 Hz), operation time (0 to 10 s), operation voltage (0 to 30%) variable.
	Stall prevention	operation level	Operation current: 0 to 200% variable, with selectable availability of the function.
	Frequency	Analog input (2)	Terminal 2: 0 to 10 V / 0 to 5 V. Terminal 4: 0 to 10 V / 0 to 5 V / 4 to 20 mA.
	setting signal	Digital input	Input from the operation panel or parameter unit, with selectable frequency setting increments
	Start signal		Forward and reverse rotation or start signal automatic self-holding input (3-wire input) can be selected.
ıtion	Input signal (5)		Using Pr.178 to Pr.182 (input terminal function selection), the signal can be selected from the following: Multi-speed selection, Remote setting, Second acceleration/deceleration function selection, Terminal 4 input selection, JOG operation selection, PID control valid terminal, External thermal relay input, Output stop, Start self-holding selection, Forward rotation command, Reverse rotation command, Inverter reset, Traverse function selection.
Operation	Operational function		Maximum frequency, minimum frequency, frequency jump operation, external thermal relay input selection, automatic restart after instantaneous power failure operation, forward/reverse rotation prevention, remote setting, second acceleration/deceleration function, multi-speed operation, regeneration avoidance, slip compensation, operation mode selection, offline auto tuning, PID control, computer link operation (RS-485 communication), Optimum excitation control, power failure stop, MODBUS RTU, increased magnetic excitation deceleration.
	Output signal relay output (1)		Using Pr.195 output terminal function selection , the signal can be selected from the following: Inverter running, Up to frequency, Overload warning, Output frequency detection, Electronic thermal O/L relay pre-alarm, Inverter operation ready, Output current detection, PID lower limit, PID upper limit, PID forward/reverse rotation output, Heatsink overheat pre-alarm, During deceleration at occurrence of power failure, During PID control activated, PID output interruption, During retry, Alarm output, Fault output, Fault output 3.
nc	Status Operation monitoring panel		Selectable from the following: output frequency, output current (steady state), output voltage, frequency setting, cumulative energization time, actual operation time, converter output voltage, electronic thermal relay function load factor, motor load factor, PID set point, PID measured value, PID deviation, inverter I/O terminal monitor, output power, cumulative energy, motor thermal load factor, inverter thermal load factor.
Indication	Parameter unit (FR-PU07)	Fault record	Fault record is displayed when a protective function is activated. Past 8 fault records are stored. (output voltage, output current, frequency, and cumulative energization time right before the protective function is activated.)
	(**** 22**)	Interactive guidance	Help function for operation guide*1.
Prot	Fault Protective function		Overcurrent during acceleration, Overcurrent during constant speed, Overcurrent during deceleration, Overvoltage during acceleration, Overvoltage during acceleration, Overvoltage during deceleration, Inverter overload trip (electronic thermal relay function), Motor overload trip (electronic thermal relay function), Heatsink overheat, Input phase loss*3, Output side earth (ground) fault overcurrent at start, Output short circuit, Output phase loss, External thermal relay operation*2, Parameter error, PU disconnection*2, Retry count excess*2, CPU fault, Inrush current limit circuit fault, 4 mA input fault*2, Stall prevention stop, Output current detection value exceeded*2, Inverter output fault*5, Undervoltage.
		Alarm, Warning, Error message	Overcurrent stall prevention, Overvoltage stall prevention, PU stop, Parameter write error, Electronic thermal O/L relay pre-alarm, Undervoltage, Inrush current limit resistor heating, Operation panel lock, Password locked, Inverter reset.
	Surrounding air	temperature	-10 to +40°C (non-freezing)*4, 40 to 50°C (non-freezing) at the rated current reduced by 15%
rent	Surrounding air	humidity	95% RH or less (non-condensing) for models with circuit board coating.
Environment	Storage tempera	ature*6	-20 to +65°C
Envi	Ambience		Indoors (free from corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust or dirt).
_	Altitude/vibration		2500 m or less (For the installation at an altitude above 1000 m, consider a 3% reduction in the rated current per 500

- *1 Available for the option parameter unit (FR-PU07) only.

 *2 This protective function is not available in the initial status.

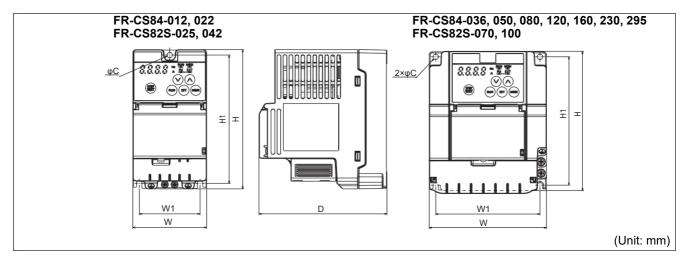
 *3 Available for the three-phase power input models.

 *4 When using the inverters at the surrounding air temperature of 40°C or less, the inverters can be installed closely attached (0 cm clearance).

 *5 Available for the FR-CS84-160 or lower or the FR-CS82S.

 *6 Applicable to conditions for a short time, for example, in transit.

Outline Dimensions



♦ Three-phase 400 V class.

Inverter model	W	W1	Н	H1	D	С
FR-CS84-012	68	56			118	
FR-CS84-022	7 00	30			110	5
FR-CS84-036		96	128	118	130	
FR-CS84-050	108					
FR-CS84-080					160	
FR-CS84-120	197.5	185.5	150	138	134	
FR-CS84-160	197.5	100.0	130	130		
FR-CS84-230	180	164	260	244	165	6
FR-CS84-295	7 100	104	200	244	100	0

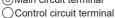
♦ Single-phase 200 V class.

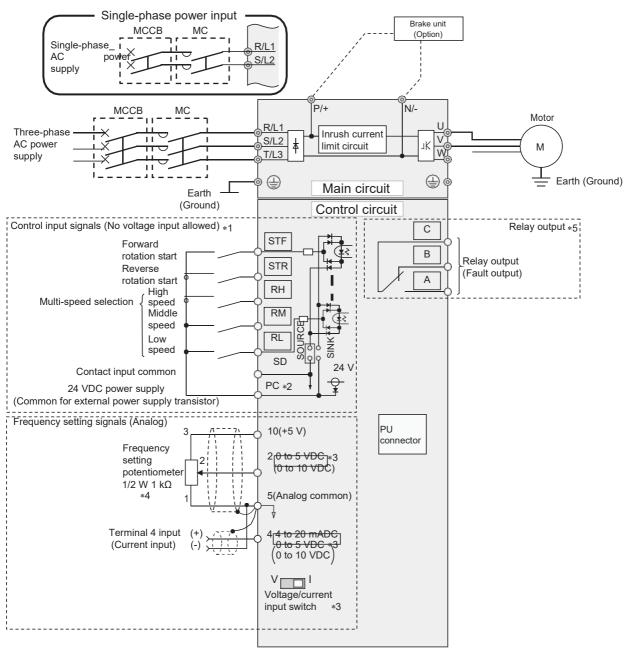
Inverter model	W	W1	Н	H1	D	С
FR-CS82S-025	68	56	128	118	118	
FR-CS82S-042	00	30				5
FR-CS82S-070	108	108 96			160	5
FR-CS82S-100	100				100	

Terminal connection diagram

Source logic

Main circuit terminal





- *1 The signal assigned to each of these terminals can be changed to the reset signal, etc. using the input terminal assignment function (Pr.178 to Pr.182).
- *2 To use terminals PC and SD for a 24 VDC power supply, check the wiring for an incorrect short of these terminals.
- *3 Terminal input specifications can be changed by analog input specification switchover (Pr.73, Pr.267). To input voltage via terminal 4, set the voltage/current input switch to "V" position. To input current (4 to 20 mA), set it to "I" position (initial setting).
 *4 It is recommended to use a 2 W 1 kΩ potentiometer when the frequency setting is frequently changed.
- *5 The function of these terminals can be changed with the output terminal assignment (Pr.195).

Terminal Specifications

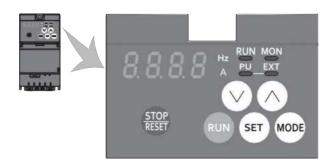
Terminal names and terminal functions are those of the factory set.

Ту	ре	Terminal symbol	Terminal name	Description					
		R/L1, S/L2, T/L3	AC power input	Connect these terminals to the commercial power supply.					
4	į	U, V, W	Inverter output	Connect a three-phase squirrel-cage motor to these termina	als.				
tii orio dicM		P/+, N/-	Brake unit connection	Connect the brake unit (FR-BU2), power regeneration common converter (FR-CV), or high power factor converter (FR-HC2) to these terminals.					
2	≥		Earth (ground)	For earthing (grounding) the inverter chassis. Be sure to earth (ground) the inverter.					
		STF*1	Forward rotation start	Turn ON the STF signal to start forward rotation and turn it OFF to stop. When the STF and STR signals turned ON simultaneously, the s					
		STR*1	Reverse rotation start	Turn ON the STR signal to start reverse rotation and turn it OFF to stop.	command is given.				
		RH, RM, RL*1	Multi-speed selection	Multi-speed can be selected according to the combination of	of RH, RM and RL signals.				
	٠		Contact input common (sink)	Common terminal for the contact input terminal (sink logic).					
	Contact input	SD	External transistor common (source)	Connect this terminal to the power supply common terminal output) device, such as a programmable controller, in the sundesirable current.					
	ပိ		24 VDC power supply common	Common terminal for the 24 VDC power supply (terminal P Isolated from terminal 5.	C).				
Control circuit/input signal		PC	External transistor common (sink)	Connect this terminal to the power supply common termina output) device, such as a programmable controller, in the s undesirable current.					
cuit/inp			Contact input common (source)	Common terminal for contact input terminal (source logic).					
ol cir			24 VDC power supply	Can be used as a 24 VDC 30 mA power supply.					
Contro		10	Frequency setting power supply	Used as the power supply for an external device such as a frequency setting potentiometer or digital panel meter.	5 VDC (±0.2 VDC), permissible load current: 10 mA				
	ting	2	Frequency setting (voltage)	Inputting 0 to 5 VDC (or 0 to 10 VDC) provides the maximum output frequency at 5 V (or 10 V) and makes input and output proportional. Use Pr.73 to switch between input 0 to 5 VDC (initial setting) and 0 to 10 VDC.	Input resistance: 10 k Ω (±1 k Ω), Maximum permissible voltage: 20 VDC.				
	Frequency setting	4	Frequency setting (current)	Inputting 4 to 20 mADC (or 0 to 5 V, 0 to 10 V) provides the maximum output frequency at 20 mA and makes input and output proportional. This input signal is valid only when the AU signal is ON (terminal 2 input is invalid). Use Pr.267 to switch among input 4 to 20 mA (initial setting), 0 to 5 VDC, and 0 to 10 VDC. Set the voltage/current input switch in the "V" position to select voltage input (0 to 5 V / 0 to 10 V).	For voltage input, input resistance: $10 \text{ k}\Omega$ ($\pm 1 \text{ k}\Omega$), maximum permissible voltage: 20 VDC . For current input, input resistance: 249Ω ($\pm 5 \Omega$), permissible maximum current: 30 mA .				
		5	Frequency setting common	Common terminal for the frequency setting signal input (via terminal 2 or 4). Do not earth (ground).	_				
Control circuit/output signal	Relay	A, B, C*1	Relay output (fault output)	1 changeover contact output that indicates that an inverter's protective function has been activated and the outputs are stopped. Fault: discontinuity across B and C (continuity across A and C), Normal: continuity across B and C (discontinuity across A and C)	Contact capacity: 30 VAC 0.3 A (power factor = 0.4), 30 VDC 0.3 A				
Communication	RS-485	_	PU connector	The PU connector supports the RS-485 communication. Conforming standard: EIA-485 (RS-485) Transmission format: Multidrop link Communication speed: 4800 to 115200 bps Wiring length: 500 m					

^{*1} Indicates that terminal functions can be selected using Pr.178 to Pr.182 and Pr.195 (I/O terminal function selection).

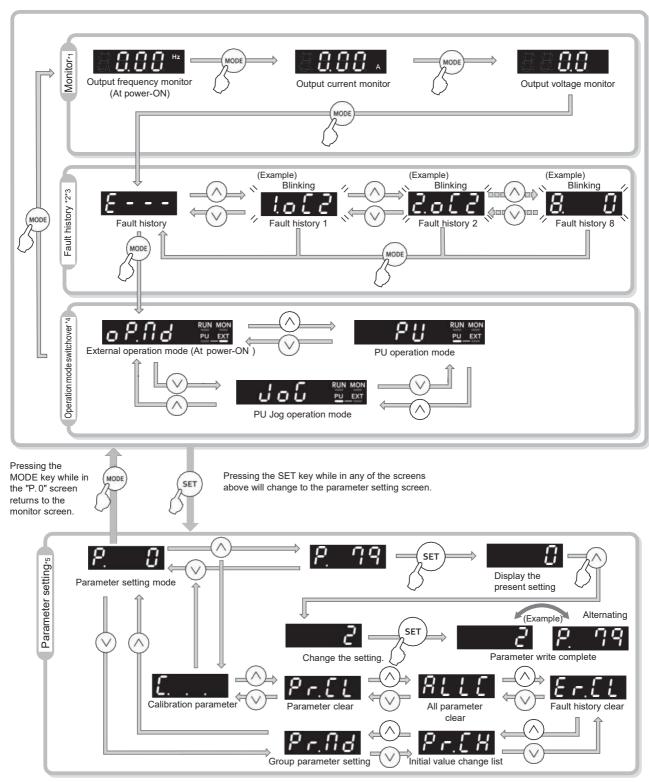
Explanation of the Operation Panel

• Components of the operation panel



No.	Appearance	Name	Description
(a)	PU_EXT	Inverter operation mode LED indicator	PU: ON when the inverter runs in the PU operation mode. EXT: ON when the inverter runs in the External operation mode. (ON when the inverter in the initial setting is powered ON.) PU and EXT: ON when the inverter runs in the External/PU combined operation mode. PU and EXT (blinking): Blinks when the inverter runs in the Network operation mode.
(b)	MON	Operation panel mode LED indicator	ON when the operation panel is in the monitor mode. Quickly blinks twice intermittently while the protective function is activated.
(c)	RUN	Inverter operating status indicator	ON or blinks during inverter operation. ON: During forward rotation operation Blinks slowly: During reverse rotation operation Blinks quickly: Operation is disabled although the start command is given.
(d)	Hz A	Unit indicator	Hz: ON when the actual frequency is monitored. (Blinks when the set frequency is monitored.) A: ON when the current is monitored.
(e)	8.8.8.8	Monitor display (4-digit LED)	Shows a numeric value (readout) of a monitor item such as the frequency or a parameter number. (The monitor items can be changed according to the settings of Pr.774 to Pr.776 .)
(f)	STOP	STOP/RESET key	Stops the operation commands. Used to reset the inverter when the protective function is activated.
(g)	(∧, (∨)	UP/DOWN key	Used to change the setting of frequency or parameter, etc. The following operations are also enabled: Displaying the present setting during calibration Displaying a fault record number in the fault history
(h)	MODE	MODE key	Switches the monitor screen (item) in the monitor mode. Every key on the operation panel becomes inoperable (locks) by holding this key for 2 seconds. The key lock function is disabled when Pr.161 = "0 (initial value)". Holding this key for one second displays the initial screen. (During normal inverter operation it will appear as the first screen in the monitor mode; during abnormal operation it will appear as the first screen in the fault history mode. Reverts to the previous screen if pressed during frequency setting when the easy setting function is enabled. Initial setting in monitor mode Output frequency Output current output voltage Faults history witchover
(i)	SET	SET key	Confirms each selection. Pressing this key in a mode other than the parameter setting mode will display the first screen in the parameter settings.
(j)	RUN	RUN key	Used to give the start command to the inverter. The rotation direction depends on the Pr.40 setting.

Basic operation



- *1 The monitor item can be changed.
- *2 For fault history details, refer to the Instruction Manual of the FR-CS80 inverters.

 *3 When there is no fault history, "0" is displayed.

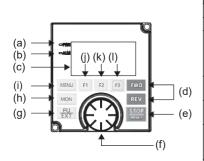
 *4 For the details of operation modes, refer to the Instruction Manual.

- *5 "P. 0" will appear if the MODE key is pressed during parameter setting.

FR-LU08 LCD Operation Panel

- The FR-LU08 is an optional operation panel adopting an LCD panel capable of displaying text and menus.
- Installation of the FR-LU08 on the enclosure surface is possible when using an optional parameter unit connection cable (FR-CB2[]). (To connect the (FR-LU08), an optional operation panel connection connector (FR-ADP) is required.)
- Parameter settings for up to three inverters can be saved.

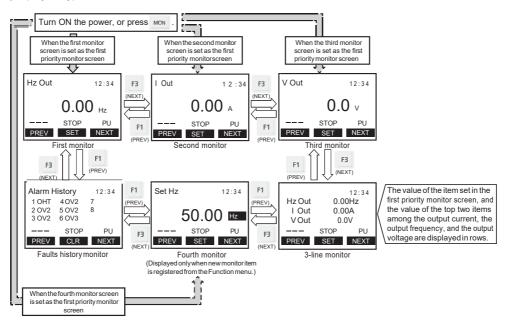
Appearance and parts name



Symbol	Name	Description
а	Power lamp	ON when the power is turned ON.
b	Alarm lamp	ON when an inverter fault occurs.
С	Monitor	Shows a numeric value (readout) of a monitor item such as the frequency or a parameter number. (The monitor item can be changed according to the settings of Pr.774 to Pr.776.)
d	FWD key, REV key	FWD key: Starts the forward rotation operation. REV key: Starts the reverse rotation operation.
е	STOP/RESET key	Stops operation commands. Used to reset the inverter when the protective function is activated.
f	Setting dial	Turn the setting dial to change the setting of frequency or parameter, etc. Press the setting dial to display a fault history number in the fault history mode.
g	PU/EXT key	Switches between the PU operation mode, the PUJOG operation mode, and the External operation mode.
h	MON key	Shows the first priority monitor screen.
i	MENU key	Displays the quick menu. When this key is pressed while the quick menu is displayed, the function menu is displayed.
j	Software key (F1)	
k	Software key (F2)	Select a guidance displayed on the monitor.
1	Software key (F3)	

Switching the main monitor data

Pressing $\frac{F1}{(PREV)}$ or $\frac{F1}{(NEXT)}$ displays 6 types of monitor screens in order.



Parameter unit (FR-PU07)

- The parameter unit is an optional unit which has a ten-key direct input keypad, operating status display, and help function to make setting the inverter more convenient.
 - The parameter unit connection cable FR-CB20[] is required to connect to the inverter.
- Eight languages can be displayed.
- Parameter setting values of maximum of three inverters can be stored

POWER lamp

Lit when the power turns on.



Monitor

•Liquid crystal display (16 characters 4 lines with backlight)

- •Interactive parameter setting
- •Trouble shooting guidance
- •Monitor (frequency, current, power, etc.)

ALARM lamp

Lit to indicate an inverter alarm occurrence.

Operation keys

(Refer to the table on the right)

FR-PU07	
---------	--

Key	Description
PrSET	Use for parameter setting Press to choose the parameter setting mode.
MON	First priority monitor is displayed. In the initial setting, the output frequency is displayed.
ESC	Operation cancel key
FUNC	Used to display the function menu. A variety of functions can be used on the function menu.
SHIFT	Used to shift to the next item in the setting or monitoring mode.
0 to 9	Used to enter a frequency, parameter number or set value.
EXT	Inverter operates in the External operation mode.
PU	Used to select the PU operation mode to display the frequency setting screen.
	Used to keep on increasing or decreasing the running frequency. Hold down to vary the frequency. Press either of these keys on the parameter setting mode screen to change the parameter setting value sequentially. On the selecting screen, these keys are used to move the cursor.
FWD	Forward rotation command key.
REV	Reverse rotation command key.
STOP	Stop command key. Used to reset the inverter when an alarm occurs.
WRITE	Used to write a set value in the setting mode. Used as a clear key in the all parameter clear or alarm history clear mode.
READ	Used as a decimal point when entering numerical value. The monitor screen selected by the cursor appears.

♦ Main functions

Function	Description
Monitor	6 types of monitors appear by simply pressing SHIFT .
Frequency setting	For PU operation mode and External/PU combined operation mode (Pr.79 = "3"), frequency setting is available. Settings is performed by the direct setting, which sets frequency directly by (0) to (9), and the step setting, which sets frequency continuously by ().
Parameter Setting	Reading parameter and changing setting values are easily done. To change the setting value of an parameter, specify the parameter number, or select a parameter from the functional parameter list.
Batch copy	FR-PU07 reads parameter settings of an inverter, and stores three different parameter settings. FR-PU07 can also copy the stored parameter setting to another inverter of the same series, or verify its stored parameter setting against the parameter setting stored in an inverter.
Operation	Switching between External operation mode [EXT] and PU operation mode [PU] is easy. Start/stop is enabled during PU operation mode and External/PU operation mode (Pr.79 = "3").

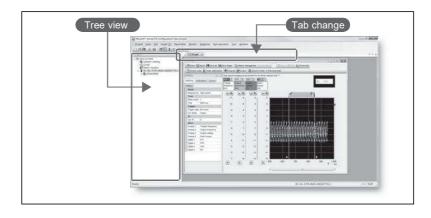
INVERTER SETUP SOFTWARE (FR Configurator2)

Inverter setup software is optional software in which anything from setup to maintenance can be easily carried out via a personal computer.

◆ Intuitive user interface

Connected inverters are displayed in tree view format.

Windows for each function can be accessed by changing the tab for maximum efficiency.



♦ Efficient startup settings

System settings
This sets the method used to connect the inverters and the computer. Automatic recognition of connected inverters can also be set.
The station number, model, capacity, and plug-in options of the connected inverters can also be set manually.



Test operation
 Operating commands, frequency settings, and the operating
 mode can be set for the selected inverter

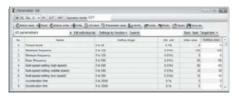


◆ Perform pre-operation adjustments and checks during operation with ease

Parameter list

Parameters for selected station numbers can be displayed and changed.

I/O signals can be assigned using settings by function.

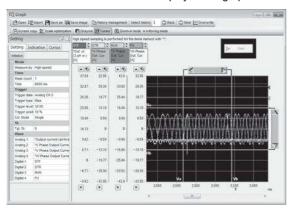


Batch monitor function
Multiple inverter monitor items
can be monitored
simultaneously.
With a terminal monitor, the
ON/OFF status can be
monitored.



♦ Easy-to-follow platform facilitates easy maintenance

Graph function
Inverter data can be sampled and displayed in a graphical format.
Trace data can also be read and displayed in a graph.



Life diagnosis
 Life information

Life information read from the inverter is displayed. An alert icon is shown in the parts life alarm field for the parts recommended for replacement. The diagnosis result output function is available to output the data of diagnosis results to a file.



• Parameter list (by parameter number)

For simple variable-speed operation of the inverter, the initial values of the parameters may be used as they are. Set the necessary parameters to meet the load and operational specifications. Parameter setting, change, and check can be made on the operation panel.



• The changing of the parameter settings may be restricted in some operating statuses. Use Pr.77 Parameter write selection to change the

Function	Pr.	Pr. group	Name	Setting range	Minimum setting increment	Initial value	Customer setting
						6%*1	
	0 G000	G000	Torque boost	0 to 30%	0.1%	4%*1	
			·			3%*1	
		11400		0.1100.11	0.04.11	2%*1	
	1	H400	Maximum frequency	0 to 120 Hz 0 to 120 Hz	0.01 Hz 0.01 Hz	120 Hz 0 Hz	
	1 1411		10 to 400 Hz	0.01 Hz	50 Hz		
_	4	D301	Multi-speed setting (high speed)	0 to 400 Hz	0.01 Hz	50 Hz	
ctio	5	D301	Multi-speed setting (middle speed)	0 to 400 Hz	0.01 Hz	30 Hz	
Ē	6	D303	Multi-speed setting (Induce speed)	0 to 400 Hz	0.01 Hz	10 Hz	
Basic function	_		manu operationing (con operat)			5 s*2	
m	7	F010	Acceleration time	0 to 3600 s	0.1 s	10 s*2	
						15 s*2	-
						5 s*2	
	8	F011	Deceleration time	0 to 3600 s	0.1 s	10 s*2	1
						15 s*2	1
						Inverter	
	9	H000	Electronic thermal O/L relay	0 to 500 A	0.01 A	rated current	
	10	G100	DC injection brake operation frequency	0 to 120 Hz	0.01 Hz	3 Hz	
DC injection brake	11	G101	DC injection brake operation frequency	0 to 10 s	0.01112 0.1 s	0.5 s	
njec	••	0.01	Do injection brake operation time	0.00.00	0.10	4%*3	
SC i	ခု ရ 12		DC injection brake operation voltage	0 to 30%	0.1%	2%*4	-
	13	F102	Starting frequency	0 to 60 Hz	0.01 Hz	0.5 Hz	
	15	D200	Jog frequency	0 to 400 Hz	0.01 Hz	5 Hz	
atjo d	13	D200	Tog frequency	0 10 400 112	0.01112	3112	
JOG operation	16	F002	Jog acceleration/deceleration time	0 to 3600 s	0.1 s	0.5 s	
_	17	T720	MRS input selection	0, 2, 4	1	0	
_	18	H402	High speed maximum frequency	120 to 400 Hz	0.01 Hz	120 Hz	
	19	G002	Base frequency voltage	0 to 1000 V, 8888, 9999	0.1 V	8888	
Acceleration/ deceleration times	20	F000	Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency	1 to 400 Hz	0.01 Hz	50 Hz	
	22	H500	Stall prevention operation level	0 to 200%	0.1%	150%	
Stall	23	H610	Stall prevention operation level compensation factor at double speed	0 to 200%, 9999	0.1%	9999	
Multi-speed setting	24	D304					
-spe	to	to	Multi-speed setting (speed 4 to speed 7)	0 to 400 Hz, 9999	0.01 Hz	9999	
Aulti	27	D307					
_	29	F100	Acceleration/deceleration pattern selection	0, 2	1	0	
	30	E300	Regenerative function selection	0, 2	1	0	
	31	H420	Frequency jump 1A	0 to 400 Hz, 9999	0.01 Hz	9999	
Frequency jump	32	H421	Frequency jump 1B	0 to 400 Hz, 9999	0.01 Hz	9999	
y jr	33	H422	Frequency jump 2A	0 to 400 Hz, 9999	0.01 Hz	9999	
nenc	34	H423	Frequency jump 2B	0 to 400 Hz, 9999	0.01 Hz	9999	
nbə.	35	H424	Frequency jump 3A	0 to 400 Hz, 9999	0.01 Hz	9999	
正	36	H425	Frequency jump 3B	0 to 400 Hz, 9999	0.01 Hz	9999	
_	40	E202	RUN key rotation direction selection	0, 1	1	0	
ر ا د	41	M441	Up-to-frequency sensitivity	0 to 100%	0.1%	10%	
ctio	42	M442	Output frequency detection	0 to 400 Hz	0.01 Hz	6 Hz	
Frequency detection	43	M443	Output frequency detection for reverse rotation	0 to 400 Hz, 9999	0.01 Hz	9999	

					Minimo		
Function	Pr.	Pr. group	Name	Setting range	Minimum setting increment	Initial value	Customer setting
pu	44	F020	Second acceleration/deceleration time	0 to 3600 s	0.1 s	5 s*2 10 s*2	
Second						15 s*2	
₩ ₩	45	F021	Second deceleration time	0 to 3600 s, 9999	0.1 s	9999	
t tic	57	A702	Restart coasting time	0, 0.1 to 5 s, 9999	0.1 s	9999	
Automatic restart	58	A703	Restart cushion time	0 to 60 s	0.1 s	1 s	
_	59	F101	Remote function selection	0 to 3	1	0	
_	60	G030	Energy saving control selection	0, 9	1	0	
_	65	H300	Retry selection	0 to 5	1	0	
_	66	H611	Stall prevention operation reduction starting frequency	0 to 400 Hz	0.01 Hz	50 Hz	
<u> </u>	67	H301	Number of retries at fault occurrence	0 to 10, 101 to 110	1	0	
Retry	68	H302	Retry waiting time	0.1 to 600 s	0.1 s	1 s	
	69	H303	Retry count display erase	0 to 2	1	0	
_	71 72	C100 E600	Applied motor PWM frequency selection	0 to 2 2 to 12	1	2	
_	73	T000	Analog input selection	0, 1, 10, 11	1	1	
	74	T002	Input filter time constant	0, 1, 10, 11 0 to 8	1	1	1
	Paset selection/disconnected PII detection/		0 to 3, 14 to 17		14		
_	75	E100	Reset selection		1		
		E101	Disconnected PU detection	0, 1		0	
		E102	PU stop selection			1	
_	77	E400	Parameter write selection	0 to 2	1	2	
_	78	D020	Reverse rotation prevention selection	0 to 2	1	0	
_	79	D000	Operation mode selection	0 to 4	1	0	
. =	80	C101	Motor capacity	0.2 to 15 kW, 9999	0.01 kW	9999	
Motor	82	C125	Motor excitation current	0 to 500 A, 9999	0.01 A	9999	
≥ 6	90	C120	Motor constant (R1)	0 to 50 Ω, 9999	0.001 Ω	9999	
	96 100	C110 G040	Auto tuning setting/status	0, 1 0 to 400 Hz, 9999	0.01 Hz	0	
	101	G040 G041	V/F1 (first frequency) V/F1 (first frequency voltage)	0 to 1000 V	0.01 HZ	9999 0 V	
Adjustable 3 points V/F	102	G041	V/F2 (second frequency)	0 to 400 Hz, 9999	0.1 V 0.01 Hz	9999	
justa	103	G042	V/F2 (second frequency voltage)	0 to 1000 V	0.1 V	0 V	
3 pc	104	G044	V/F3 (third frequency)	0 to 400 Hz, 9999	0.01 Hz	9999	
	105	G045	V/F3 (third frequency voltage)	0 to 1000 V	0.1 V	0 V	
	117	N020	PU communication station number	0 to 31(0 to 247)	1	0	
ation	118	N021	PU communication speed	48, 96, 192, 384, 576, 768, 1152	1	192	
PU connector communication		_	PU communication stop bit length / data length	0, 1, 10, 11		1	
omr	119	N022	PU communication data length	0, 1	<u> </u>	0	
or c		N023	PU communication stop bit length	0, 1		1	
ect	120	N024	PU communication parity check	0 to 2	1	2	
Sonr	121	N025	PU communication retry count	0 to 10, 9999	1	1	
کر	122	N026	PU communication check time interval	0, 0.1 to 999.8 s, 9999	0.1 s	0	
	123	N027 N028	PU communication waiting time setting PU communication CR/LF selection	0 to 150 ms, 9999	1 ms	9999	
	124 125	T022	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 2 0 to 400 Hz	0.01 Hz	1 50 Hz	
_	126	T042	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400 Hz	0.01 Hz	50 Hz	
	127	A612	PID control automatic switchover frequency	0 to 400 Hz, 9999	0.01 Hz	9999	
	128	A610	PID action selection	0, 20, 21	1	0	
io	129	A613	PID proportional band	0.1 to 1000%, 9999	0.1%	100%	
PID operation	130	A614	PID integral time	0.1 to 3600 s, 9999	0.1 s	1 s	
do	131	A601	PID upper limit	0 to 100%, 9999	0.1%	9999	
	132	A602	PID lower limit	0 to 100%, 9999	0.1%	9999	
	133	A611	PID action set point	0 to 100%, 9999	0.01%	9999	
	134	A615	PID differential time	0.01 to 10 s, 9999	0.01 s	9999	
P	145	E103	PU display language selection	0 to 7	1	1	
i e	150	M460	Output current detection level	0 to 200%	0.1%	150%	
Current	151	M461	Output current detection signal delay time	0 to 10 s	0.1 s	0 s	
_	156	H501	Stall prevention operation selection	0 to 31, 100, 101	1	0	
_	157	M430	OL signal output timer	0 to 25 s, 9999	0.1 s	0 s	

		Pr.			Minimum	Initial	Customer
Function	Pr.	group	Name	Setting range	setting increment	value	setting
_	161	E200	Frequency setting / key lock operation selection	0, 1, 10, 11	1	0	
Automatic restart	165	A710	Stall prevention operation level for restart	0 to 200%	0.1%	150%	
Current	167	M464	Output current detection operation selection	0, 1	1	0	
_	168	E000 E080	Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do not se				
_	169	E001 E081	- Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do not se	;t.			
a e	170	M020	Watt-hour meter clear	0, 10, 9999	1	9999	
Cumulative monitor value clear	171	M030	Operation hour meter clear	0, 9999	1	9999	
ıal ıt	178	T700	STF terminal function selection	0 to 5, 7, 8, 10, 14, 24, 25, 37, 60, 62, 9999	1	60	
Input terminal function assignment	179	T701	STR terminal function selection	0 to 5, 7, 8, 10, 14, 24, 25, 37, 61, 62, 9999	1	61	
put fur assię	180	T702	RL terminal function selection	0 to 5, 7, 8, 10, 14, 24, 25,	1	0	
= "	181	T703 T704	RM terminal function selection RH terminal function selection	37, 62, 9999	1	2	
	190 M400 NET Y0 terminal function selection			1	0		
Output terminal function assignment	191	M401	NET Y1 terminal function selection	0, 1, 3, 4, 8, 11, 12, 14 to	1	1	
output termina function assignment	192	M402	NET Y2 terminal function selection	104, 108, 111, 112, 114 to	1	3	
out to	193	M403	NET Y3 terminal function selection		1	9999	
Outp f as	194	M404	NET Y4 terminal function selection		1	4	
	195	M405	ABC terminal function selection	170, 101, 100, 100, 0000	1	99	
Multi-speed setting	232 to 239	D308 to D315	Multi-speed setting (speed 8 to speed 15)	0 to 400 Hz, 9999	0.01 Hz	9999	
_	240	E601	Soft-PWM operation selection	0, 1, 10, 11	1	1	
Ę	245	G203	Rated slip	0 to 50%, 9999	0.01%	9999	
Slip	246	G204	Slip compensation time constant	0.01 to 10 s	0.01 s	0.5 s	
Slip	247	G205	Constant-power range slip compensation selection	0, 9999	1	9999	
_	249	H101	Earth (ground) fault detection at start	0, 1	1	1	
_	250	G106	Stop selection	0 to 100 s, 1000 to 1100 s, 8888, 9999	0.1 s	9999	
_	251	H200	Output phase loss protection selection	0, 1	1	1	
Power failure stop	261	A730	Power failure stop	0 to 2	1	0	
_	267	T001	Terminal 4 input selection	0 to 2	1	0	
_	269	E023	Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do not se				
word	296	E410	Password lock level	1 to 6, 101 to 106, 9999	1	9999	
Password	297	E411	Password lock/unlock	(0 to 5), 1000 to 9998, 9999	1	9999	
ГO	338	D010	Communication operation command source	0, 1	1	0	
85 cati	339	D011	Communication speed command source	0 to 2	1	0	
RS-485	340	D001	Communication startup mode selection	0, 1, 10	1	0	
RS-485	342	N001	Communication EEPROM write selection	0, 1	1	0	
8	343	N080	Communication error count	_	1	0	
_	502	N013	Stop mode selection at communication error	0 to 2	1	0	
	520 549	E415 N000	Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do not se Protocol selection	o, 1	1	0	
Communication	551	D013	PU mode operation command source selection	2, 4, 9999	1	9999	
_	573	A680	4 mA input check selection	1 to 3, 9999	1	9999	
	575	A621	Output interruption detection time	0 to 3600 s, 9999	0.1 s	1 s	
E E	576	A622	Output interruption detection level	0 to 400 Hz	0.01 Hz	0 Hz	
_	577	A623	Output interruption cancel level	900 to 1100%	0.1%	1000%	

Function	Pr.	Pr. group	Name	Setting range	Minimum setting increment	Initial value	Customer setting
	592	A300	Traverse function selection	0 to 2	1	0	
Traverse	593	A301	Maximum amplitude amount	0 to 25%	0.1%	10%	
	594	A302	Amplitude compensation amount during deceleration	0 to 50%	0.1%	10%	
Trav	595	A303	Amplitude compensation amount during acceleration	0 to 50%	0.1%	10%	
	596	A304	Amplitude acceleration time	0.1 to 3600 s	0.1 s	5 s	
	597	A305	Amplitude deceleration time	0.1 to 3600 s	0.1 s	5 s	
_	598	H105	Undervoltage detection enable/disable selection	0, 1	1	1	
_	611	F003	Acceleration time at a restart	0 to 3600 s, 9999	0.1 s	9999	
_	631	H104	Inverter output fault detection enable/disable selection	0, 1	1	1	
Increased magnetic excitation deceleration	660	G130	Increased magnetic excitation deceleration operation selection	0, 1	1	0	
Increased magnetic excitation eceleratio	661	G131	Magnetic excitation increase rate	0 to 40%, 9999	0.1%	9999	
de g a a	662	G132	Increased magnetic excitation current level	0 to 200%	0.1%	100%	
	665	G125	Regeneration avoidance frequency gain	0 to 200%	0.1%	100%	
ing	774	M101	Operation panel monitor selection 1	1 to 3, 5, 8, 10, 14, 20,	1	1	
Monitoring	775	M102	Operation panel monitor selection 2	23 to 25, 52 to 55, 61, 62,	1	2	
Mo	776	M103	Operation panel monitor selection 3	100	1	3	
	778	T054	4 mA input check filter	0 to 10 s	0.01 s	0 s	
Protective function	872 *5	H201	Input phase loss protection selection	0, 1	1	1	
	882	G120	Regeneration avoidance operation selection	0 to 2	1	0	
ration	883	G121	Regeneration avoidance operation level	300 to 800 V	0.1 V	400 VDC*6 780 VDC*7	
Regeneration avoidance	885	G123	Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit value	0 to 10 Hz, 9999	0.01 Hz	6 Hz	
L LL	886	G124	Regeneration avoidance voltage gain	0 to 200%	0.1%	100%	
	C2 (902)*8	T200	Terminal 2 frequency setting bias frequency	0 to 400 Hz	0.01 Hz	0 Hz	
	C3 (902)*8	T201	Terminal 2 frequency setting bias	0 to 300%	0.1%	0%	
neter	125 (903)*8	T202	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400 Hz	0.01 Hz	50 Hz	
ion parameter	C4 (903)*8	T203	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain	0 to 300%	0.1%	100%	
	C5 (904)*8	T400	Terminal 4 frequency setting bias frequency	0 to 400 Hz	0.01 Hz	0 Hz	
Calibrat	C6 (904)*8	T401	Terminal 4 frequency setting bias	0 to 300%	0.1%	20%	
	126 (905)*8	T402	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400 Hz	0.01 Hz	50 Hz	
	C7 (905)*8	T403	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain	0 to 300%	0.1%	100%	
D.	990	E104	PU buzzer control	0, 1	1	1	
ш	991	E105	PU contrast adjustment	0 to 63	1	58	
ir	PrCL		Parameter clear	(0), 1	1	0	
Clear	ALLC		All parameter clear	(0), 1	1	0	
	Er.CL		Fault history clear	(0), 1	1	0	
	Pr.CH Pr.MD		Initial value change list Group parameter setting	(0) 1 2	1	0	
_		cording to the		(0), 1, 2	<u> </u>	J 0	l

^{*}I Differs according to the capacity. 6%: FR-CS84-022 or lower, FR-CS82S-042 or lower 4%: FR-CS84-036 to FR-CS84-080, FR-CS82S-070, FR-CS82S-100

^{3%:} FR-CS84-120 and FR-CS84-160

^{2%:} FR-CS84-230 or higher

^{*2} Differs according to the capacity. 5 s: FR-CS84-080 or lower 10 s: FR-CS84-120 and FR-CS84-160, FR-CS82S-042 or lower

¹⁵ s: FR-CS84-230 or higher

*3 The Initial value for the FR-CS84-160 or lower and the FR-CS82S-100 or lower.

^{*4} The initial value for the FR-CS84-230 or higher.

^{*5} Available only for the three-phase power input model.
*6 The value for the 200 V class.
*7 The value for the 400 V class.

^{*8} The parameter number in parentheses is the one used (displayed) on the LCD operation panel and the parameter unit.

Changing the parameter setting value on the operation panel

Changing the setting of Pr.1 Maximum frequency.
Turning ON the power of the inverter
 The operation panel will be in monitor mode.
Changing the operation mode
Press (MODE) to change the operation mode. Press (O) or (V) to choose the PU operation mode. The [PU] indicator turns ON.

3. Selecting the parameter setting mode

Press (SET) to choose the parameter setting mode.

4. Selecting the parameter

Press or to show " . (Pr.1). Press SET to read the present set value.
" | Press SET to read the present set value."

5. Changing the setting value

Press or to change the set value to " 5 0.00". Press set to enter the setting. " 5 0.00" and " ... I are displayed alternately.

- Press or to read another parameter.
- Press (SET) twice to show the next parameter.
- Hold (MODE) for one second to return the display to the first screen in the monitor mode. (The monitor item initially set in the first screen is the frequency)

NOTE)

If a parameter write condition is not satisfied, a parameter write error appears on the LCD display.

Error indication	Description
Er I	Parameter write error
8-2	Write error during operation
8-3	Calibration error
E-4	Mode designation error

• When **Pr.77 Parameter write selection** = "2 (initial value)", the parameter setting change is available only while the inverter is stopped and under the PU operation mode. To enable the parameter setting change while the inverter is running or under the operation mode other than PU operation mode, change the **Pr.77** setting.

Protective Functions

• List of fault indications

If the displayed message does not correspond to any of the following or if you have any other problem, contact your sales representative.

♦ Error message

 Operation and setting faults are displayed on the operation panel and parameter unit. The inverter output is not shut off.

Operation panel indication		Name
Hold	HOLD	Operation panel lock
LoEd	LOCD	Password locked
i to	Er1 to Er4	Parameter write error
Err.	Err.	Error

Warning

 The inverter output is not shut off even when a warning is displayed. However, failure to take appropriate measures will lead to a fault.

Operation panel ind	ication	Name
	OLC	Stall prevention (overcurrent)
U	OLV	Stall prevention (overvoltage)
	TH	Electronic thermal O/L relay pre-alarm
	PS	PU stop
	UV	Undervoltage
H	IH	Inrush current limit resistor overheat

♦ Fault

 A protective function is activated, the inverter output is shut off, and the fault (ALM) signal is output.

Operation panel ind	ication	Name
E.o.C	E.OC1	Overcurrent trip during acceleration
E.o.C.2	E.OC2	Overcurrent trip during constant speed
E.o.C 3	E.OC3	Overcurrent trip during deceleration or stop
E.ou 1	E.OV1	Regenerative overvoltage trip during acceleration
E.ou2	E.OV2	Regenerative overvoltage trip during constant speed
8.003	E.OV3	Regenerative overvoltage trip during deceleration or stop
E.C.H.C	E.THT	Inverter overload trip (electronic thermal relay function)
E.CHO	E.THM	Motor overload trip (electronic thermal relay function)
E.F. n	E.FIN	Heatsink overheat
E.UuT	E.UVT	Undervoltage
E. LF	E.ILF	Input phase loss
E.oL [E.OLT	Stall prevention stop
E.G.F	E.GF	Output side earth (ground) fault overcurrent
E.L.F	E.LF	Output phase loss
E.oHIT	E.OHT	External thermal relay operation
<i>E.P.E</i>	E.PE	Parameter storage device fault
8.882	E.PE2	
<i>E.PUE</i>	E.PUE	PU disconnection
EE.F	E.RET	Retry count excess
E.C.PU	E.CPU	CPU fault
E. E.S	E. 5	
E.E do	E.CDO	Abnormal output current detection
E. oH	E.IOH	Inrush current limit circuit fault
E.L.C.	E.LCI	4 mA input fault
E.E 10	E.E10	Inverter output fault

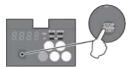
If faults other than the above appear, contact your sales representative.

Reset method for the protective functions

Reset the inverter by performing any of the following operations. Note that the accumulated heat value of the electronic thermal relay function and the number of retries are cleared (erased) by resetting the inverter.

The inverter recovers about 1 second after the reset is released.

• Press on the operation panel to reset the inverter. (This operation is valid only when a protective function for a fault is activated.)



• Switch the power OFF once, then switch it ON again.



• Turn ON the Reset (RES) signal for 0.1 s or more. (If the RES signal is kept ON, "Err" appears (blinks) to indicate that the inverter is in a reset status.)



• OFF status of the start signal must be confirmed before resetting the inverter fault. Resetting an inverter fault with the start signal ON restarts the motor suddenly.

Option and Peripheral Devices

Option List

	Name	Model	Applications, Specifications, etc.	Applicable Inverter
	Liquid crystal display operation panel	FR-LU08	Graphical operation panel with liquid crystal display *1	All capacities
	Parameter unit (8 languages)	FR-PU07	Interactive parameter unit with LCD display	All capacities
	Enclosure surface operation panel	FR-PA07	This operation panel enables inverter operation and monitoring of frequency, etc. from the enclosure surface	All capacities
	Parameter unit connection cable	FR-CB20[]	Cable for connection of operation panel or parameter unit [] indicates a cable length. (1m, 3m, 5m)	All capacities
	Operation panel connection connector	FR-ADP	A connector to connect the operation panel to the parameter unit connection cable.	All capacities
	DIN rail attachment	FR-UDA01, 02	Attachment for installation on DIN rail	According to capacities (excluding inverters FR-CS84-120 to 295).
	AC reactor	FR-HAL	For harmonic current reduction and inverter input power factor improvement	According to capacities
pe	EMC Directive compliant noise filter	SF FR-E5NF FR-S5NFSA	EMC Directive (EN61800-3 C3) compliant noise filter	According to capacities
e Shared	EMC compliant EMC filter installation attachment	FR-AAT02	For installation of the inverter to the EMC Directive compliant EMC filter (SF).	FR-CS84-230, 295
alon	Radio noise filter	FR-BIF(H)	For radio noise reduction (connect to the input side)	All capacities
Stand-alone	Line noise filter	FR-BSF01 FR-BLF	For line noise reduction	All capacities
	Brake unit Resistor unit Discharging resistor	FR-BU2 FR-BR GZG, GRZG type	For increasing the braking capability of the inverter (for high-inertia load or negative load) Brake unit, electrical-discharge resistor and resistor unit are used in combination	According to capacities
	Power regeneration common converter Stand-alone reactor dedicated for the FR-CV	FR-CV FR-CVL	Unit which can return motor-generated braking energy back to the power supply in common converter system	According to capacities
	High power factor converter	FR-HC2	The high power factor converter switches the converter section on/off to reshape an input current waveform into a sine wave, greatly suppressing harmonics. (Used in combination with the standard accessory.)	According to capacities
	Surge veltage suppression filter	FR-ASF	Filter for cumpragging curgo veltage on meter	According to capacities (three-phase 400 V class only)
	Surge voltage suppression filter	FR-BMF	Filter for suppressing surge voltage on motor	According to capacities (FR-CS84-120 to 295 only)
	Pilot generator	QVAH-10	For tracking operation. 70V/35VAC 500Hz (at 2500r/min)	
	Deviation sensor	YVGC-500W-NS	For continuous speed control operation (mechanical deviation detection) Output 90VAC/90°	
(0	Frequency setting potentiometer	WA2W 1kΩ	For frequency setting. Wire-wound 2W 1k Ω type B characteristic	
Others	Analog frequency meter (64mm × 60mm)	YM206NRI 1mA	Dedicated frequency meter (graduated to 130Hz). Moving-coil type DC ammeter	All capacities
	Calibration resistor	RV24YN 10k Ω	For frequency meter calibration. Carbon film type B characteristic	
	FR Configurator2 (Inverter setup software)			

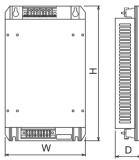
^{*}I The battery (CR1216: a diameter of 12 mm, a hight of 16 mm) is not bundled.

D

Name (Model)		Specifications, Structure, etc.							
	Attachment to enable i Selection table	nstallation of FR-CS80) series on DIN r	ail.					
	Attachment Model	Inverter Ca	apacity						
	Attachment woder	FR-CS84	FR-CS82S						
	FR-UDA01	012, 022	025, 042						
	FR-UDA02	036, 050, 080	070, 100	7					
DIN rail mounting attachments FR-UDA[]	Hoo	-UDA01 68 67	15 'screw	FR-UDA02 108 67 15 15 10 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10					
	The EMC compliant EI (FN61800-3 2nd Envir		nd Environment	Category C3) is a filter compliant with the EU EMC Directive					

(EN61800-3 2nd Environment Category C3).

EMC filter Model	Applicable inverter model	Outline dimension (Unit: mm)			Mass (kg)	Leakage current (mA) *2	Loss (W)	
		W	Н	D		(reference value)		
SF1306	FR-CS82S-025, 042	110	200	36.5	0.7	10	7.3	
FR-E5NF-H3.7K	FR-CS84-012 to 080	140	210	46	1.2	44.5	8	
FR-E5NF-H7.5K	FR-CS84-120, 160	220	210	47	2	68.4	15	
FR-S5NFSA-1.5K	FR-CS82S-070, 100	110	168	47	0.7	9.5	11	



I

W

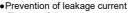
EMC Directive compliant EMC filter

SF FR-E5NF-H[]K (400V class) FR-S5NFSA-[]K (200V class)

	EMC filter Applicable		Intercompatibility	Outline dimension (Unit: mm)				Mass	Leakage current (mA) *2	Loss
	Model	inverter model	attachment *1	W	Н	D	D1	(kg)	(reference value)	(W)
	SF1175	FR-CS84-230, 295	FR-AAT02	253	530	60	35	4.7	76	56
L										

- *1 Depth is 12mm deeper when an intercompatibility attachment is installed.
- *2 Leakage current for one phase of three-phase three-wire star-connection power supply. Leakage current for all phases of three-phase three-wire delta-connection power supply is three times greater than the indicated value.

(Note) This is a sample outline dimension drawing. The shape differs by the model.



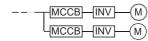
Prevention of leakage current
Take the following actions to prevent malfunction of peripheral devices or an electric shock caused by leakage current.
1) Earth (ground) the EMC filter before connecting the power supply. When doing so, confirm that earthing (grounding) is securely performed through the earthing (grounding) part of the enclosure.
2) Select an appropriate earth leakage circuit breaker or an earth leakage relay by considering leakage current of the EMC filter.

Note that earth leakage circuit breaker may not be used in some cases such as when leakage current of the EMC filter is too large. In that case, use an earth leakage relay with high sensitivity. When both of earth leakage circuit breaker and earth leakage relay cannot be used, securely earth (ground) as explained in 1).

Molded case circuit breaker, magnetic contactor, cable gauge

Voltage	Applicable inverter model	Motor output (kW)	Molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) or earth leakage circuit breaker (ELB) (NF, NV type) *1 Power factor improving reactor connection		Input side magnetic contactor *2		Recommended cable gauge (mm ²) *4		Reactor
Voltage					Power factor improving reactor connection		R/L1, S/L2,	U, V, W	FR-HAL
			Without	With	Without	With	T/L3 ∗3	, , , , ,	
	FR-CS84-012	0.4	5A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	H0.4K
	FR-CS84-022	0.75	5A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	H0.75K
	FR-CS84-036	1.5	10A	10A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	H1.5K
Three-	FR-CS84-050	2.2	15A	10A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	H2.2K
phase	FR-CS84-080	3.7	20A	15A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	H3.7K
400V	FR-CS84-120	5.5	30A	20A	S-T21	S-T12	3.5	2	H5.5K
	FR-CS84-160	7.5	30A	30A	S-T21	S-T21	3.5	3.5	H7.5K
	FR-CS84-230	11	50A	40A	S-T21	S-T21	8	8	H11K
	FR-CS84-295	15	60A	50A	S-T35	S-T21	8	8	H15K
	FR-CS82S-025	0.4	10A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	0.75K*5
Single-	FR-CS82S-042	0.75	15A	10A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	1.5K*5
Phase 200V	FR-CS82S-070	1.5	30A	15A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2.2K*5
	FR-CS82S-100	2.2	40A	30A	S-T10	S-T10	3.5	2	3.7K*5

*1 Select an MCCB according to the power supply capacity. Install one MCCB per inverter. For the use in the United States or Canada, provide the appropriate UL and cUL listed fuse that is suitable for branch circuit protection. (Refer to the FREQROL-CS80 Instructions and Cautions for Use of Inverters.)



- *2 The matrix shows the magnetic contactor selected according to the standards of Japan Electrical Manufacturers'
 Association (JEM standards) for AC-1 class. The electrical durability of magnetic contactor is 500,000 times. When the magnetic contactor is used for emergency stops during motor driving, the electrical durability is 25 times. If using an MC for emergency stop during motor driving, select an MC for the inverter input current according to the rated current against JEM 1038 standards for AC-3 class. When installing an MC at the inverter output line to switch to the commercial-power supply operation while running a generalpurpose motor, select an MC for the rated motor current according to the rated current against JEM 1038 standards for AC-3 class.
- *3 When using a single-phase power input model, terminals are R/L1 and S/L2.

 *4 It is the gauge of a cable with the continuous maximum permissible temperature of 75°C (HIV cable (600 V grade heat-resistant PVC insulated wire), etc.).

 It assumes a surrounding air temperature of 50°C or lower and the wiring distance of 20 m or shorter.
- *5 The power factor may be slightly lower.

NOTE)

- When the inverter capacity is larger than the motor capacity, select an MCCB and a magnetic contactor according to the inverter model, and select cables and reactors according to the motor output.
- · When the breaker on the inverter's input side trips, check for the wiring fault (short circuit), damage to internal parts of the inverter etc. The cause of the output shutoff must be identified and removed before turning ON the power of the breaker.

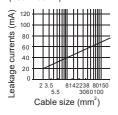
Selecting the rated sensitivity current for the earth leakage circuit breaker

When using an earth leakage circuit breaker with the inverter circuit, select its rated sensitivity current as follows, independently of the PWM carrier frequency.

Breaker designed for harmonic and surge suppression Rated sensitivity current $I_{\Delta \Pi} \ge 10 \times (Ig1 + Ign + Igi + Ig2 + Igm)$ Standard breaker Rated sensitivity current $I_{\Delta \Pi} \ge 10 \times (Ig1 + Ign + Igi + 3 \times (Ig2 + Igm))$ Ig1, Ig2: Leakage currents in wire path during commercial power supply operation

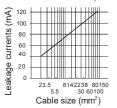
lgn: Leakage current of inverter input side noise filter lgm: Leakage current of motor during commercial power supply operation lgi: Leakage current of inverter unit

Example of leakage current of cable path per 1km during the commercial power supplyoperation when the CV cable is routed in metal conduit (200 V 60 Hz)

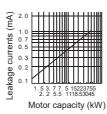


Example of leakage current per 1km during the commercial power supply operation when the CV cable is routed in metal conduit

(Three-phase three-wire delta connection 400 V 60 Hz)

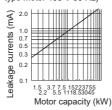


Leakage current example of three-phase induction motor during the commercial power supply operation (200 V 60 Hz)



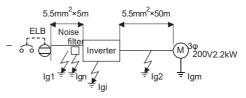
Leakage current example of threephase induction motor during the commercial power supply operation

(Totally-enclosed fan-cooled type motor 400 V 60 Hz)



For " connection, the amount of leakage current is appox. 1/3 of the above value

Example



- (Note) 1. Install the earth leakage circuit breaker (ELB) on the input side of the inverter.
 - 2. In the 人 connection earthed-neutral system, the sensitivity current is blunt against a ground fault in the inverter output side. Earthing (grounding) must conform to the requirements of national and local safety regulations and electrical codes. (NEC section 250, IEC 61140 class 1 and other applicable 61140 class 1 and other applicable standards)

Selection example

	Breaker designed for harmonic and surge suppression	Standard breaker
Leakage current lg1 (mA)	33 × 5m = 0.17 1000m	
Leakage current Ign (mA)	0 (without noise filter)	
Leakage current Igi (mA)	1	
Leakage current Ig2 (mA)	33 × 50m = 1.65 1000m	
Motor leakage current Igm (mA)	0.18	
Total leakage current (mA)	3.00	6.66
Rated sensitivity current (mA) (≥ lg × 10)	30	100

Precautions for Operation/Selection

Precautions for use of the inverter

◆ ↑ Safety Precautions

- To use the product safely and correctly, make sure to read the "Instruction Manual" before use.
- This product has not been designed or manufactured for use with any equipment or system operated under life-threatening conditions
- Please contact our sales representative when considering using this product for special applications such as passenger transportation, medical, aerospace, nuclear, power, or undersea relay equipment or system use.
- Although this product was manufactured under conditions of strict quality control, install safety devices to prevent serious accidents when it is used in facilities where breakdowns of the product or other failures are likely to cause a serious accident.
- Use only a three-phase induction motor as a load on this product.

Operation

- When a magnetic contactor (MC) is installed on the input side, do not use the MC for frequent starting/stopping. Otherwise the inverter may be damaged.
- When a fault occurs in the inverter, the protective function is acticvated to stop the inverter output. However, the motor cannot be immediately stopped. For machinery and equipment that require an immediate stop, provide a mechanical stop/holding mechanism.
- It will take time for the capacitor to discharge after shutoff of the inverter power supply. When accessing the inverter for inspection, wait for at least 10 minutes after the power supply has been switched off, and check with a multimeter to make sure that there is no residual voltage.

Wiring

- Applying the power to the inverter output terminals (U, V, W)
 causes a damage to the inverter. Before power-on, thoroughly
 check the wiring and sequence to prevent incorrect wiring, etc.
- The terminals P/+, N/- are provided for connection of a dedicated option. Connect only a dedicated option. Do not short the frequency setting power supply terminal 10 and common terminal 5 or the terminal PC and terminal SD.
- When disconnecting a wire from a control circuit terminal, push the open/close button all the way down with a flathead screwdriver, and pull out the wire. Pulling out the wire forcefully without pushing the open/close button all the way down may damage the terminal block.
- To prevent a malfunction due to noise, keep the signal cables 10cm or more away from the power cables. Also, separate the main circuit cables at the input side from the main circuit cables at the output side.
- After wiring, wire offcuts must not be left in the inverter. Wire
 offcuts can cause an alarm, failure or malfunction. Always keep
 the inverter clean. When drilling mounting holes in an enclosure,
 etc., take caution not to allow chips and other foreign matter to
 enter the inverter.
- Set the voltage/current input switch correctly. Incorrect setting may cause a fault, failure or malfunction.
- The output of the single-phase power input model is three-phase 200 V.

Power supply

- When the inverter is connected under a large-capacity power transformer (500kVA or more transformer) or when a power capacitor is to be switched over, an excessive peak current may flow in the power input circuit, damaging the inverter. To prevent this, always install an optional AC reactor (FR-HAL).
- Horozoft Hor
- If a surge occurs in the power supply system, this surge energy may flow into the inverter, causing the inverter to display overvoltage protection (E.OV[]) and trip. To prevent this, always install an optional AC reactor (FR-HAL).

♦ Installation

- Install the inverter in a clean place with no floating oil mist, cotton
 fly, dust and dirt, etc. Alternatively, install the inverter inside the
 "sealed type" enclosure that prevents entry of suspended
 substances. For installation in the enclosure, decide the cooling
 method and the enclosure size to keep the surrounding air
 temperature of the inverter/the converter unit within the
 permissible range (for specifications, refer to page 11).
- Do not install the inverter on wood or other combustible material as parts of the inverter get hot.
- Attach the inverter vertically.

Setting

- Depending on the parameter setting, high-speed operation (up to 400 Hz) is available. Incorrect setting will lead to a dangerous situation. Set the upper limit by using the upper frequency limit setting.
- Setting the DC injection brake operation voltage and operating time larger than their initial values causes motor overheating (electronic thermal O/L relay trip).

Selection precautions

Inverter capacity selection

 When operating a special motor or multiple motors in parallel by one inverter, select the inverter capacity so that 1.05 times of the total of the rated motor current becomes less than the rated output current of the inverter.

Starting torque of the motor

• The start and acceleration characteristics of the motor driven by the inverter are restricted by the overload current rating of that inverter. Generally the torque characteristic is less than when the motor is started by a commercial power supply. If torque boost adjustment or General-purpose magnetic flux vector control cannot provide enough torque when a large starting torque is necessary, select the inverter of one rank higher capacity or increase the capacities of both the motor and inverter.

◆ Acceleration/deceleration time

- The motor acceleration/deceleration time is decided by the torque generated by the motor, load torque, and moment of inertia (J) of load.
- When the stall prevention function is activated during acceleration/deceleration, increase the acceleration/deceleration time as the actual time may become longer.
- To decrease the acceleration/deceleration time, increase the
 torque boost value (setting of a too large value may activate the
 stall prevention function at a start, longer the acceleration time),
 use the General-purpose magnetic flux vector control or increase
 the inverter and motor capacities. To shorten the deceleration
 time, the additional use of increased magnetic excitation
 deceleration, or options such as the optional brake unit (FR-BU2)
 or the power regeneration common converter (FR-CV) are
 required.

Power transfer mechanisms (reduction gear, belt, chain, etc.)

• Caution is required for the low-speed continuous operation of the motor with an oil lubricated gear box, transmission, reduction gear, etc. in the power transfer mechanism. Such an operation may degrade the oil lubrication and cause seizing. On the other mand, the might speed operation at more than our z may cause problems with the noise of the power transfer mechanism, life, or insufficient strength due to centrifugal force, etc. Fully take necessary precautions.

Instructions for overload operation

• When performing operation of frequent start/stop of the inverter, rise/fall in the temperature of the transistor element of the inverter will repeat due to a repeated flow of large current, shortening the life from thermal fatigue. Since thermal fatigue is related to the amount of current, the life can be increased by reducing current at locked condition, starting current, etc. Decreasing current may increase the life. However, decreasing current will result in insufficient torque and the inverter may not start. Therefore, choose the inverter which has enough allowance for current.

Precautions for Peripheral Device Selection

Selection and installation of molded case circuit breaker

Install a molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) on the power receiving side to protect the wiring of the inverter input side. For MCCB selection, refer to **page 30** since it depends on the inverter power supply side power factor (which changes depending on the power supply voltage, output frequency and load). Especially for a completely electromagnetic MCCB, one of a slightly large capacity must be selected since its operation characteristic varies with harmonic currents. (Check the manual of the corresponding breaker.) As an earth leakage circuit breaker, use the Mitsubishi earth leakage circuit breaker designed for harmonics and surge suppression. (Refer to **page 31**)

When installing a molded case circuit breaker on the inverter output side, contact the manufacturer of each product for selection.

♦ Handling of the input side magnetic contactor

• For operations using external terminals (using terminal STF or STR), install the input-side magnetic contactor to prevent accidents due to automatic restart when the power is restored after power failures such as an instantaneous power failure, or for safety during maintenance works. Do not use this magnetic contactor for frequent starting/stopping of the inverter. (The switching life of the converter part is about 500,000 times.) In the operation by parameter unit, the automatic restart after power restoration is not performed and the magnetic contactor cannot be used to start the motor. The input-side magnetic contactor can stop the motor. However, the regenerative brake of the inverter does not operate, and the motor coasts to a stop.

Handling of the output side magnetic contactor

Switch the magnetic contactor between the inverter and motor only when both the inverter and motor are at a stop. When the magnetic contactor is turned on while the inverter is operating, overcurrent protection of the inverter will activate. For instances in which an MC is provided to switch to a commercial power supply, first turn off the inverter and motor, then switch the MC.

Installation of thermal relay

The inverter has an electronic thermal O/L relay to protect the motor from overheating. However, install an external thermal overcurrent relay (OCR) between the inverter and motors to operate several motors or a multi-pole motor with one inverter. In this case, set 0 A to the electronic thermal O/L relay setting of the inverter. For the external thermal overcurrent relay, determine the setting value in consideration of the current indicated on the motor's rating plate and the line-to-line leakage current. (Refer to **page 34**.)

For low-speed operation where the cooling capability of the motor reduces, it is recommended to use a thermal relay protector incorporated motor.

Output side measuring instrument

When the inverter-to-motor wiring length is long, especially for the 400 V class, small-capacity models, the meters and CTs may generate heat due to line-to-line leakage current. Therefore, choose the equipment which has enough allowance for the current rating.

Disuse of power factor improving capacitor (power factor correction capacitor)

Do not add a capacitor or surge suppressor to the inverter. This is because the power factor improving capacitor and surge suppressor on the inverter output side may be overheated or damaged by the harmonic components of the inverter output. Furthermore, the inverter already has inbuilt protection against excessive current flow. To improve the power factor, use a reactor.

Electrical corrosion of the bearing

 When a motor is driven by the inverter, axial voltage is generated on the motor shaft, which may cause electrical corrosion of the bearing in rare cases depending on the wiring, load, operating conditions of the motor or specific inverter settings (high carrier frequency, use of a capacitive filter*1).

Contact your sales representative to take appropriate countermeasures for the motor.

The following shows examples of countermeasures for the inverter.

- · Decrease the carrier frequency.
- · Remove the capacitive filter.
- Provide a common mode choke*2 on the output side of the inverter. (This is effective regardless of the use of the capacitive filter.)
 - *1 Mitsubishi Electric capacitive filter: FR-BIF, SF[], FR-E5NF-[], FR-S5NFSA[]
 - *2 Recommended common mode choke: FT-3KM F series FINEMET® common mode choke cores manufactured by Hitachi Metals, Ltd.

FINEMET is a registered trademark of Hitachi Metals, Ltd.

◆ Cable gauge and wiring distance

If the wiring distance is long between the inverter and motor, during the output of a low frequency in particular, use a large cable gauge for the main circuit cable to suppress the voltage drop to 2% or less. (The table on **page 30** indicates a selection example for the wiring length of 20 m.)

Especially for long-distance wiring or wiring with shielded cables, the inverter may be affected by a charging current caused by stray capacitances of the wiring, leading to an incorrect activation of the overcurrent protective function. Refer to the maximum wiring length shown in the following table. When multiple motors are connected, use the total wiring length shown in the table or shorter.

Cable type	Model FR-CS84-[]									
Cable type	012	022	036	050	080	120	160	230	295	
Unshielded	50m	50m	50m	50m	50m	100m	100m	100m	100m	
Shielded	25m	25m	50m	50m	50m	100m	100m	100m	100m	

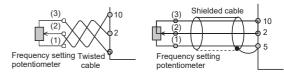
Cable type	Мо	Model FR-CS82S-[]						
Cable type	025	042	070	100				
Unshielded	50m	50m	50m	50m				
Shielded	25m	25m	50m	50m				

When driving a 400 V class motor by the inverter, surge voltages attributable to the wiring constants may occur at the motor terminals, deteriorating the insulation of the motor. In this case, use a 400 V class inverter-driven insulation-enhanced motor.

When the wiring length is 50 m or more, set "8" (8 kHz) or less in **Pr.72 PWM frequency selection**.

Use the recommended connection cable when connecting the parameter unit.

For remote operation using analog signals, keep the distance between the remote speed setter and the inverter to 30 m or less. Also, to prevent induction from other devices, keep the wiring away from the power circuits (main circuit and relay sequential circuit). When setting the frequency using a external potentiometer rather than a parameter unit, use a shielded or twisted cable as shown in the figure below. Connect the shield cable to terminal 5, not to the earth (ground).



Earth (ground)

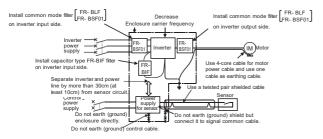
When the inverter is run in the low acoustic noise mode, more leakage currents occur than in the non-low acoustic noise mode due to the high-speed switching operation. Be sure to earth (ground) the inverter and motor before use. In addition, always use the earth (ground) terminal of the inverter to earth (ground) the inverter. (Do not use the case or chassis)

♦ Electromagnetic interference (EMI)

For the low acoustic noise operation with high carrier frequency, electromagnetic noise tends to increase. Take precautions by referring to the following examples. Depending on the installation conditions, noise may also affect the inverter in the normal operation (initial status).

- Decrease the carrier frequency (Pr.72) setting to lower the EMI level.
- As measures against AM radio broadcasting noise, radio noise filter FR-BIF produces an effect.
- As measures against sensor malfunction, line noise filter FRBSF01, FR-BLF produces an effect.
- As measures against induction noise from the power cable of the inverter, an effect is produced by putting a distance of 30cm (at least 10cm) or more and using a twisted pair shielded cable as a signal cable. Do not earth (ground) shield but connect it to signal common cable.

EMI measure example



♦ leakage current Capacitances exist between the inverter I/O cables, other cables

and earth and in the motor, through which a leakage current flows. Since its value depends on the static capacitances, carrier frequency, etc., low acoustic noise operation at the increased carrier frequency of the inverter will increase the leakage current. Therefore, take the following precaution. Select the earth leakage current breaker according to its rated sensitivity current, independently of the carrier frequency setting. (Refer to page 31)

To-earth (ground) leakage currents

Туре	Influence and countermeasure
Influence and countermeasure	Leakage currents may flow not only into the inverter's own line but also into the other line through the earth (ground) cable, etc. These leakage currents may operate earth (ground) leakage circuit breakers and earth leakage relays unnecessarily. Countermeasures If the carrier frequency setting is high, decrease the Pr.72 PWM frequency selection setting. However, the motor noise increases. Selecting Pr.240 Soft-PWM operation selection makes the sound inoffensive. By using earth leakage circuit breakers designed for harmonic and surge suppression in the inverter's own line and other line, operation can be performed with the carrier frequency kept high (with low noise).
Transmission path	Power supply NV1 Inverter Motor supply NV2 Motor C C Motor Dearkage breaker NV2 Motor C C C Motor Dearkage breaker

Line-to-line leakage current

Туре	Influence and countermeasure
Influence and countermeasure	This leakage current flows via a static capacitance between the inverter output cables. The external thermal relay may be operated unnecessarily by the harmonics of the leakage current. When the wiring length is long (50m or more) for the 400V class model, the external thermal relay is likely to operate unnecessarily because the ratio of the leakage current to the rated motor current increases. Precaution Use Pr.9 Electronic thermal O/L relay. If the carrier frequency setting is high, decrease the Pr.72 PWM frequency selection setting. However, the motor noise increases. Selecting Pr.240 Soft-PWM operation selection makes the sound inoffensive. To protect motor securely without being subject to the influence of the line-to-line leakage current, direct detection of the motor temperature using a temperature sensor is recommended.
Transmission path	Power supply Inverter

Please confirm the following product warranty details before using this product.

1. Gratis Warranty Term and Gratis Warranty Range

If any faults or defects (hereinafter "Failure") found to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi occurs during use of the product within the gratis warranty term, the product shall be replaced at no cost via the sales representative.

[Gratis Warranty Term]

The gratis warranty term of the product shall be for twelve (12) months after the date of purchase or delivery to a designated place.

Note that after manufacture and shipment from Mitsubishi, the maximum distribution period shall be six (6) months, and the longest gratis warranty term after manufacturing shall be eighteen (18) months.

[Gratis Warranty Range]

- (1) The customer shall be responsible for the primary failure diagnosis unless otherwise specified.
- (2) The range shall be limited to normal use within the usage state, usage methods and usage environment, etc., which follow the conditions and precautions, etc., given in the instruction manual, user's manual and caution labels on the product.
- (3) Even within the gratis warranty term, the following cases are not guaranteed.
 - 1) Failure occurring from inappropriate storage or handling, carelessness or negligence by the user. Failure caused by the user's hardware or software design.
 - 2) Failure caused by unapproved modifications, etc., to the product by the user.
 - 3) When the Mitsubishi product is assembled into a user's device, Failure that could have been avoided if functions or structures, judged as necessary in the legal safety measures the user's device is subject to or as necessary by industry standards, had been provided.
 - 4) Failure that could have been avoided if consumable parts designated in the instruction manual had been correctly serviced or replaced.
 - 5) Replacing consumable parts such as capacitors and cooling fans.
 - 6) Failure caused by external irresistible forces such as fires or abnormal voltages, and Failure caused by force majeure such as earthquakes, lightning, wind and water damage.
 - 7) Failure caused by reasons unpredictable by scientific technology standards at time of shipment from Mitsubishi.
 - 8) Any other failure found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi or that admitted not to be so by the user.

2. Repair and Analysis

The repair and the failure analysis are not executed to the product.

3. Discontinuation of production

- (1) Discontinuation of production shall be notified with Mitsubishi Technical Bulletins. etc.
- (2) Product supply (including spare parts) is not available after production is discontinued.

4. Exclusion of loss in opportunity and secondary loss from warranty liability

Regardless of the gratis warranty term, Mitsubishi shall not be liable for compensation to damages caused by any cause found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi, loss in opportunity, lost profits incurred to the user by Failures of Mitsubishi products, special damages and secondary damages whether foreseeable or not, compensation for accidents, and compensation for damages to products other than Mitsubishi products, replacement by the user, maintenance of on-site equipment, start-up test run and other tasks.

5. Changes in product specifications

The specifications given in the catalogs, manuals or technical documents are subject to change without prior notice.

6. Product application

- (1) In using the Mitsubishi FR-CS80 series inverter, the usage conditions shall be that the application will not lead to a major accident even if any problem or fault should occur in the FR-CS80 series inverter, and that backup and fail-safe functions are systematically provided outside of the device for any problem or fault.
- (2) The Mitsubishi FR-CS80 series inverter has been designed and manufactured for applications in general industries, etc.

Thus, applications in which the public could be affected such as in nuclear power plants and other power plants operated by respective power companies, and applications in which a special quality assurance system is required, such as for Railway companies or Public service purposes shall be excluded from the FR-CS80 series inverter range of applications.

In addition, applications in which human life or property that could be greatly affected, such as in aircraft, medical applications, incineration and fuel devices, manned transportation equipment for recreation and amusement, and safety devices, shall also be excluded from the graphic operation terminal range of applications.

However, in certain cases, some applications may be possible, providing the user consults the local Mitsubishi representative outlining the special requirements of the project, and providing that all parties concerned agree to the special circumstances, solely at our discretion.

In some of three cases, however, Mitsubishi Electric Corporation may consider the possibility of an application, provided that the customer notifies Mitsubishi Electric Corporation of the intention, the application is clearly defined and any special quality is not required.

Mitsubishi Electric's global FA network delivers reliable technologies and security around the world.

Production base

Development center





Turkey FA Center

Mitsubishi Electric

Turkey A.Ş. Ümraniye



Russia FA Center -MITSUBISHI ELECTIC EUROPE B.V. Russian Branch St.Petersburg office



Germany FA Center -MITSUBISHI ELECTIC EUROPE B.V Germany Branch



UK FA Center -MITSUBISHI ELECTIC EUROPE B.V. UK Branch



Czech Republic FA Center-MITSUBISHI ELECTIC EUROPE B.V.Czech office



Italy FA Center -Mitsubishi Electric Europe B.V. Italian Branch





India Gurgaon FA Cente MITSUBISHI ELECTIC INDIA PVT.LTD Gurgaon Head Office



India Ahmedabad FA Center MITSUBISHI ELECTIC INDIA PVT.LTD. Ahmedabad Branch



India Pune FA Cente MITSUBISHI ELECTIC INDIA PVT.LTD. Pune Branch



Indonesia FA Center PT.MITSUBISHI ELECTIC INDONESIA



India Bangalore FA Center / MITSUBISHI ELECTIC INDIA PVT.LTD. Bangalore Branch



India Chennai FA Center MITSUBISHI ELECTIC INDIA PVT.LTD. Chennai Branch

Available services



Technical consultation (engineering)

Our Japanese and/or local staff offer technical advice, and can also propose the best products and systems for a customer's specific



From basic operations to applied programming, our training schools offer regular courses that use actual machines. We also offer customized training programs and onsite training sessions.



Showrooms

The latest automation technologies, including programmable controllers, HMIs, inverters, servo systems, and industrial automation machinery such as electrical-discharge machines, laser processing machines, CNCs, and industrial robots can be seen at Mitsubishi Electric showrooms.



Our FA centers and service shops work together to provide repairs, onsite engineering support, and spare parts.



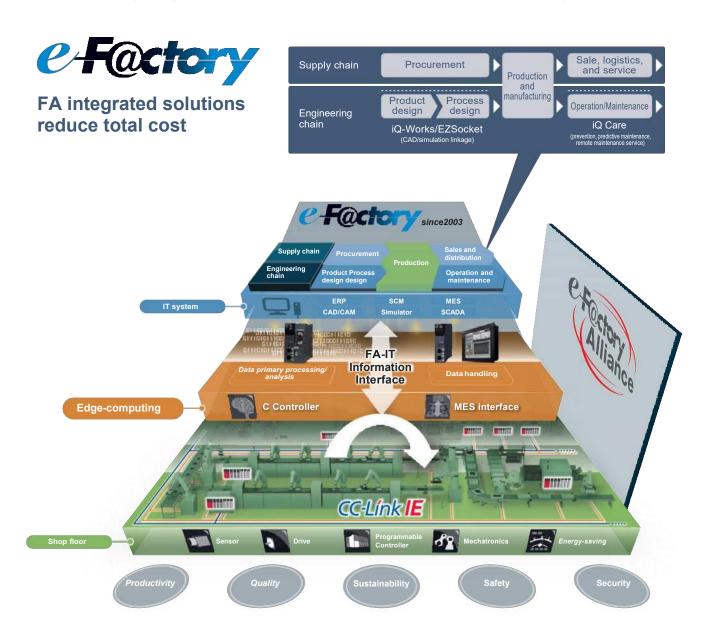
Handle repairs of our FA products.





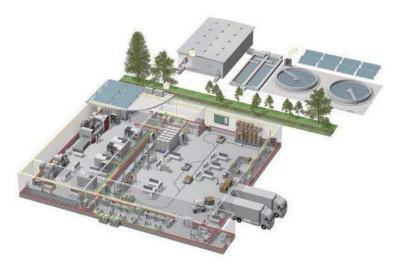
This solution solves customers' issues and concerns by enabling visualization and analysis that lead to improvements and increase availability at production sites.

Utilizing our FA and IT technologies and collaborating with e-F@ctory Alliance partners, we reduce the total cost across the entire supply chain and engineering chain, and support the improvement initiatives and one-step-ahead manufacturing of our customers.



Overall production information is captured in addition to energy information, enabling the realization of efficient production and energy use (energy savings).

YOUR SOLUTION PARTNER



Mitsubishi Electric offers a wide range of automation equipment from PLCs and HMIs to CNC and EDM machines.



Low voltage: MCCB, MCB, ACB



Medium voltage: VCB, VCC



Power monitoring, energy management



Compact and Modular Controllers



Inverters, Servos and Motors



Visualisation: HMIs



Numerical Control (NC)



Robots: SCARA, Articulated arm



Processing machines: EDM, Lasers, IDS



Transformers, Air conditioning, Photovoltaic systems

A NAME TO TRUST

Since its beginnings in 1870, some 45 companies use the Mitsubishi name, covering a spectrum of finance, commerce and industry.

The Mitsubishi brand name is recognized around the world as a symbol of premium quality.

Mitsubishi Electric Corporation is active in space development, transportation, semi-conductors, energy systems, communications and information processing, audio visual equipment and home electronics, building and energy management and automation systems, and has 237 factories and laboratories worldwide in over 121 countries.

This is why you can rely on Mitsubishi Electric automation solution - because we know first hand about the need for reliable, efficient, easy-to-use automation and control in our own factories.

As one of the world's leading companies with a global turnover of over 4 trillion Yen (over \$40 billion), employing over 100,000 people, Mitsubishi Electric has the resource and the commitment to deliver the ultimate in service and support as well as the best products.

^{*} Not all products are available in all countries.

Mitsubishi Electric Corporation Nagoya Works is a factory certified for ISO14001 (standards for environmental management systems) and ISO9001(standards for quality assurance management systems)





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